## SET-UP GUIDE HOT BREAD SHOP

## **Business Profile Summary**

You will need a market that can support sales of at least K594 per day.

You will need around K100,000 to start the business.

Profit potential for this business is around K50,000 per year.

#### Sales

You will need a market that can support the sale of around 500 loaves and 1000 rolls per day.

There exists a strong demand for bread products. In some areas such as the National Capital District, there are a large number of bakeries. Hence a careful study of the market place should be undertaken. In other parts of PNG, there is much less competition and excellent opportunities exist for setting up a hot bread shop.

#### Location

A hot bread shop will require a building of approximately 60-80 square metres floor space. This should be set up in an area that has high customer traffic to ensure you can sell the required amount of product each day. The building should also have hot water, phone and three phase power.

Try and select a building which already conforms to your specifications and will not require extensive repairs or renovations. You should not spend more than K5,000 on preparing the premises for the new business.

While each business will be different, a suggested plant layout has been included in the brochure section of this guide.

The food preparation area must be clean and hygienic. This should include fly screening on all windows, proper flooring, finished ceilings etc.

#### Selecting a Building

Use the following checklist when selecting a building for your new business:

	Yes	No
1. Will the building and zoning departments allow your business to operate in the site you		
have chosen?		
2. Will the Health Department allow you to operate a bakery in the site?		
3. Is there sufficient electrical power? Are there enough outlets?		
4. Will the landlord allow you to make the alterations that you need for the business?		
5. Does the building require repairs and or renovations of less than K5,000?		
6. Will the delivery of materials and goods to the building be easily accomplished?		
7. Is the site clean & dry?		
8. Is the site secure to ensure safety for your equipment and other assets including cash?		
9. Is there enough parking space for customers?		
10. Is there any indication of roof leaks?		
11. Is there a hot water heater?		
12. Is there sufficient lighting?		

**Note**: The answers should be "yes" to all of the questions in the above table. If you have too many no answers you should determine the cost to correct the problems. If too costly you should look for another site.

### **Pricing**

Most bakeries put at least a 100 % mark up on the cost of their products. This is an appropriate mark up as running a hot bread shop is very hard work and involves certain risks such as food spoilage, hold ups etc.

## **Costing the Business**

### **Equipment cost**

The following list represents a range of possible equipment needed for establishing a hot bread shop:

Item	Estimated	Purpose	Update
	Cost - Kina		Cost
Equipment			
50 Kg mixer	13000	mixing dough	
3 deck (9 tray) oven	20000	bake bread & rolls	
Bench slicer	3000	slice bread	
Knock out bench	1200		
2 door refrigerator	7000	store processed food	
Bread tins, baking trays, 3	5000		
cooling racks			
Production benches, sinks etc	8000		
Total equipment	57200		

The prices used are estimated average cost based on Port Moresby prices at the time this guide was prepared. A column has been provided for the user to update these cost.

#### Staff

A hot bread shop could be started by an owner/manager, baker, two production assistants and two sales personnel.

Position	Main Responsibility	Monthly Salary
Owner/Manager	Manage business- decide	1200
	products and prices, supervise	
	all staff, keep records.	
Baker	Organise & supervise	1000
	production	
Production	Assist baker	400
assistants (2)		
Sales personnel	Sell & deliver finished product	400
(2)	_	
	Total monthly staff cost	3000

#### Raw Materials

The hot bread shop can use either premixed or self mixed ingredients. Special suppliers or flour companies will provide you with a premix which includes all ingredients needed to make bread to include flour, yeast, milk and salt. You only add water and shortening.

When mixing your own ingredients you will need:

- Flour
- Yeast
- Shortening
- Salt
- Sugar
- Baking soda
- Packaging material include bread bags, and, delivery cartons.

Raw material calculations for bread and rolls follow:

#### Raw material calculations based on 25 kg bag of flour

Ingredients	500 gr. loaf		1000 g	000 gr. loaf		roll
		Cost		Cost		Cost
Flour	25 kg	27.50	25 kg	27.50	25 kg	27.50
Yeast	500	2.05	500	2.05	500	2.05
	gms		gms		gms	
Shortening (fat)	750	3.30	750	3.30	750	3.30
	gms		gms		gms	
Salt	250	1.50	250	1.50	250	1.50
	gms		gms		gms	
Sugar	250	1.50	250	1.50	250	1.50
	gms		gms		gms	
Total cost		35.85		35.85		35.85
Number per 25 kg bag		75		38		375
Cost per item		0.48		0.94		0.10
Packaging cost per item		0.04	_	0.06	_	0.01
Total raw material cost		0.52	_	1.00	_	0.11
Suggested Selling Price		1.10	<u>.</u>	2.00	<u>.</u>	0.25

Your raw material cost per day is calculated as follows:

Sale per d Kina	Sale per day  Kina Quantity			Cost of raw materials per day		Total raw material cost per day	Total raw material cost per month (30 days)	
	500gr.	1000gr.	Rolls	500gr.	1000gr	Rolls		, , ,
	loaf	loaf		loaf	.loaf			
600	250	100	500	130	100	55	285	8550
1000	500	125	800	260	125	88	473	14190
1250	600	150	1160	312	150	128	590	17700
1500	700	200	1320	364	200	145	709	21270

### Licences/Registration

The size and nature of this business may require company registration, especially if you are planning to borrow funds to start the business.

Please contact the nearest provincial authority or NCDC to obtain details of licences required. Usually a minimum trading licence and a health certificate will be required to start a hot bread business.

Company formation and licensing costs are estimated as follows:

Item	Cost
Company registration	200
Business licence	100
Health certificate	50
Total registration/licence	350

#### Operating cost

A hot bread shop has certain operating costs. Some of these costs are:

- paid once when you establish services such as water, electricity;
- paid yearly such as insurance; and
- some are paid on a monthly basis.

When you start you business you will need working capital (money) to establish services, pay certain yearly expenses and to meet some of your monthly operating cost until the business can generate enough income to meet these cost.

In the case of a hot bread business this will depend upon length of credit you offer your customers. Generally a hot bread business will start generating enough income to cover all of its cost by the third month of operation.

Below is a table showing the start-up and monthly operational cost associated with a hot bread business.

<b>Operating Cost</b>	Initial Working Capital	Monthly
Rent - Building (Deposit + 2 Months)	6000	2000
Electricity Charges (Initial + 2 months)	1000	250
Water charges (Initial + 2 months)	200	50
Depreciation*		358
Gas (Initial + 2 months)	1200	400
Insurance ( Year)	3000	0
Repairs & Maintenance	3000	1000
Office supplies	300	100
Cleaning supplies	450	150
Miscellaneous	600	200
<b>Total Operating Cost</b>	15750	4508

## \* Depreciation calculation

Depreciation is a business cost that takes account of the "wearing out" of assets, equipment, tools and vehicles. It is a non-cash expense of a business but is still a cost. We need to calculate depreciation for assets with a long life.

Based on the Papua New Guinea Income Tax Act, the following depreciation rates are applicable to most small businesses.

Income Tax Act, Depreciation Rates - Prime cost method

Asset	Annual Depreciation Rate
Tools and Equipment	7.5%
Motor Vehicles	20.0%
Office Furniture	7.5%
Retail Building	2.0%
Factory Building	7.5%
Land	None

To calculate depreciation for a hot bread shop we have to apply the required rate to the assets with a long life as follows:

Equipment	
50 Kg mixer	13000
3 deck (9 tray) oven	20000
Bench slicer	3000
Knock out bench	1200
2 door refrigerator	7000
Production benches, sinks etc	8000
Total equipment	52200

Depreciation =  $7.5\% \times 52,200 = K3,915$  per year or K326 per month.

## **Start-up Costs**

You will need money to meet a number of other cost in to start your business as shown in the following table:

Item	Total	Update
Equipment	57200	
Staff (first month wages)	3000	
Raw materials (Two months)	17100	
Licences & Registration	350	
Operating cost	15750	
Total Start-up Cost	93400	

The cost to start a hot bread shop is around K94,000.

### Optional cost-delivery van

If you cannot locate your shop in the middle of town or some other very high traffic area you will need to purchase as delivery van which will add a minimum of K30,000 to your start up cost.

## **Profitability**

#### **Monthly Profit and Loss**

	Break even			
Γ	Sales			
Sale per day	594	1000	1250	1500
Sales per month (26 days)	15452	26000	32500	39000
Cost of Raw Materials	7726	13000	16250	19500
Gross Profit	7726	13000	16250	19500
<b>Operational Expenses</b>				
Rent	2000	2000	2000	2000
Wages	3000	3000	3000	3000
Electricity	250	250	250	250
Water	50	50	50	50
Depreciation	326	326	326	326
Gas	400	400	400	400
Insurance	250	250	250	250
Repairs & Maintenance	1000	1000	1000	1000
Office supplies	100	100	100	100
Cleaning supplies	150	150	150	150
Miscellaneous	200	200	200	200
Total	7726	7726	7726	7726
Operating Profit per month before tax	0	5274	8524	11774

#### Break even sales

If we assume a mark-up of 100% on all products then the break even sales for this business is K594 per day. This means that if you sell less than K594 per day, you will make a loss. If you sell more than K594 per day, you will make a profit.

## **Financing the Business**

It is assumed that the business has been financed using savings rather than borrowed funds. However it is possible to approach various lending institutions to supplement savings with borrowed funds. Your local branch of the Small Business Development Corporation should be able to assist you in identifying these institutions.

Please be aware of the following facts about borrowed funds:

- 20 % of the project cost must be financed using savings, before the lending institution will consider lending the funds.
- The above expenses and profit must be adjusted to take into account the additional interest expense.
- A detailed projected cash flow statement must be prepared to ensure that the business generates enough cash to repay the loan.
- Borrowed funds introduce greater risk in a business. In general the greater the level of borrowed funds, the greater the risk.

• While SBDC may assist you in approaching lending institutions, it cannot guarantee the success of any loan application.

The start up cost for a hot bread business is around K94,000.00. Assuming we finance the business with a loan from a lending institution for 80 % of the start-up cost @ 14 % rate of interest as follows:

Start-Up Cost = 94,000 Own Funds 20 % = 18,800 Loan Funds 80 % = 75,200

Interest @ 14 % = 10,528 per year or 877 per month

# **Business Planning**

Before turning your idea into an operating business, collect information and make plans to see if your business will be successful. Just like an engineer who prepares a plan before building a bridge, a business owner needs to prepare a Business Plan.

A Business Plan is a written document that describes in detail all aspects of your business. Preparing a Business Plan will help you to think carefully and find out if there are any weaknesses in your business idea.

Most importantly, a Business Plan gives an opportunity to try out your business idea on paper rather than in reality. It is much better to do a Business Plan and find out that the idea is not good than to start a business that will fail.

# Where can you get help?

There are a number of organisations that can help you establish this business to include:

Name of Organisation	Address	Phone/Fax	Assistance
Small Business	P O Box 286	Ph 3250100	Start Your Business training and
Development Corporation	Waigani	Fx 325-0801	business advise and assistance.
		Ph 982 8201	
	P.O. Box 1106	Fx 982 8664	
	Kokopo	Ph 542 1067	
	P.O. Box 1613	Fx 542 1275	
	Mt. Hagen	Ph 856 3201	
	P.O. Box 1092	Fx 856 3204	
	Wewak		
Small Business	P.O. Box 103, Lae	Ph 472 1677	Technical training in food
Development Corporation		Fx 472 3876	processing. Advice and assistance.
			Sourcing of equipment
Appropriate Technology	Private Mail Bag	473-4781	Technical information and books
& Community	Lae, Morobe	473-4303	Skills training.
Development Institute	Province		Technical advice.
Food Technology Section	Private Mail Bag	Ph 473-4555	Training and on-the-job experience
of the Department of	Lae	Fx 472-4067	
Applied Science	Morobe Province		

# Suppliers

# Contact Addresses/Numbers

Name of Supplier	Location	Mailing Address	Phone	Fax		
Bakery Equipment, Turnkey Bakery Plant						
T.E. (PNG) Pty	Waigani	P O Box 1388,	3256322	3250350		
Ltd	Port Moresby	Boroko				
	Voco Point	P O Box 669, Lae	4726262	4721323		
	Lae		4726246			
Rutec by Variform	Port Moresby	P O Box 304,	3211592	3217301		
PNG Pty Ltd		Waigani				
Raw Material Suppliers						
Associated Mills	Port Moresby	P O Box 486,	3214055	3212732		
	Lae	Port Moresby				
		P O Box 1906,	4723555	4723424		
		Lae				
Patrick Transport	Gabutu,	P O Box 1758,	3217490	3217228		
	Port Moresby	Boroko	3217300			
P&B Cheung Pty	Koki,	P O Box 573,	3213733	3217607		
Ltd	Port Moresby	Port Moresby	3214562			
Choulai Trading Co	Badili,	P O Box 168,	3200888	3213618		
	Port Moresby	Badili				
Alotau Enterprises	Alotau	P O Box 27,	6411246	6411270		
		Alotau	6411366			
Garamut	Wewak	P O Box 96,	8562106	8562324		
Enterprises Pty Ltd		Wewak	8562356			
	Maprik		8581219			
		P O Box 166,				
		Vanimo				
George Seto & Co	Wewak	P O Box 69,	8562822	8562439		
Pty Ltd		Wewak				
Jimm Trading Pty	4-Mile,	P O Box 1026,	3255891	3250934		
Ltd	Port Moresby	Boroko	3258980			
Seeto Kui	Lae	P O Box 1988,	4721111	4721335		
		Lae	4720906	4720890		
	Gordons,		3254700	3257208		
	Port Moresby	P O Box 1405,	3254215			
		Boroko	3254761			
Kabuka Trading	Dobel,	P O Box 264,	5451355			
Pty Ltd	Mt Hagen	Mt Hagen				
Steamships Trading	Gerehu,	P O Box 1,	3261243	3261419		
Co Ltd.,	Port Moresby	Port Moresby				
Wholesale Division	PMF,	P O Box 1,	3220276	3211275		
	Badili,	Port Moresby				
	Port Moresby					
Packaging Material Suppliers						

Name of Supplier	Location	Mailing Address	Phone	Fax
W H Industries Pty	Port Moresby	P O Box 5020,	3251155	3251308
Ltd		Boroko		
Lam's Trading Pty	Waigani,	P O Box 88,	3253321	3232802
Ltd	Port Moresby	Boroko	3232382	
			3232313	
NPC &	Port Moresby	P O Box 1175,	3253211	3255618
Austraphane	-	Boroko	3253182	
Marketing				